INTERNAL REVENUE.

The Ways and Means Committee Have Agreed on a Bill.

IT INCLUDES THE INCOME TAX.

The Bill Provides That the Income Tax is to Go Into Effect January 1, 1895, and the First Collection Made Six Months Later-Two Per Cent on All Incomes)ver \$4,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19 .- The full text of the internal revenue bill, including the important income tax, has been agreed upon by the Democratic mem-

agreed upon by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee. As yet details of the income tax, as finally agreed upon, have not been made public. The Associated Press is able, however, to give a very complete summary of the essential features of the tax as it will be submitted to the house.

The bill provides that the income tax is to go into effect Jan. 1, 1895, and that the first collection on incomes is to be made on July 1, 1895. All classes of incomes are included in the measure, and the uniform rate of 2 per cent tax on incomes over \$4,000 is fixed.

The most important detail of the bill is the method provided for the levy and collection of taxes. It is made obligatory on all persons receiving individual incomes of over \$3,500 to make a return to the local collector of internal revenue. These returns are gone over by the revenue collector, and a taxable list is made up of those whose incomes exceed \$4,000. No tax is levied on those making a return of about \$3,500 and under \$4,000, but the committee deemed it expedient to leave this margin of \$500 below the exemption point in order that the returned might be sure to show all low the exemption point in order that the returned might be sure to show all who are subject to the tax.

In case a person having an income of over \$3,500 fails to make a return, it becomes the duty of the revenue assessor to make inquiry as to the amount of the person's income. If this examination

person's income. If this examination discloses that the income is above \$4,000, the income is subjected to twice the ordinary tax under the law, and the party failing to make his return is deemed guilty of a criminal offense and is made subject to fine and imprisonment.

The main purpose in framing the above provisions has been to avoid an inquisitorial operation of the law. The committee believe that it will do away with the necessity of having assessors pry into the private business of people unless the latter have a taxable income and try to evade the law. It is estimated that not more than \$5,000 persons will that not more than 85,000 persons will be subject to this tax, so that a great majority of citizens will not have to

make returns.

Provision is also made by which no information can be made public as to the details of the income reported by citizens. If such details become public it might injure the credit of a firm or individual. For that reason any public or private person who divulges any part of this information concerning incomes is made subject to criminal prosecution,

with heavy fine and penalty.

Particular provision is made for the collection of the income tax due on salaries, not only official salaries but the salaries of individuals received from business firms, corporations, etc. The individual receiving the salary does not pay the tax, but it is made the duty of every government, state, county and municipal disbursing officer to retain 2 per cent of all salaries over taxable amount. This 2 per cent is to be taken out of the salaries in bulk at the last payment of salaries for the year.

The tax upon corporations includes every phase of corporation stock. This tax is general and is without the \$4,000 exemption allowed to individual incomes. It is provided that in collecting the ...x on corporate stock, the corporation shall day the tax and deduct the amount from the dividends of the stockholder. It is made the duty of each corporation to take 2 per cent of each annual corporate income from the amount set apart for each stockholder, and say the total to the internal revenue collector of the locality. Severe penalties are provided for failure to make the proper reduction from dividends of stockholders or for a failt to make the return to the revenue col

The entire business of the levying and collecting of the tax is placed in charge of a deputy commissioner of internal revenue. The different revenue districts of the country are also provided with deputy collectors who will especially manage the collection of the income tax.

The measure as finally agreed upon is a detailed elaboration of the plan for an income tax proposed some months ago by Representative Hall of Missouri.

CANDID ENGLISHMAN.

General Chesney Knows We Could Take Canada Easily Enough.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—General Sir George Chesney, speaking in London on the defense of the empire, said he thought that none of the colonies were in danger of attack except Canada, where the serious question must be considered of how a defense could be maintained along the

great line of the American frontier.
"God forbid," said he, "that we should
ever quarrel with the United States, but it is impossible to doubt that if such a quarrel should happen and the United States become so roused as to carry the quarrel to the bitter end, the position would be extremely serious. The Amerwould be extremely serious. The Americans in times of emergency are capable of great things, and in such a case I believe it would be quite impossible for us to give Canada such effective aid as would prevent the United States from occupying Canada. Happily, the attitude of Americans is essentially peaceful, and, unless we were at war with the United States, Canada is absolutely impregnable."

NOTES AND DEEDS UNCOVERED.

Workmen in Tearing Down an Old Building Find Valuable Papers.

LEAVENWORTH, Ind., Jan. 19.-While workingmen were clearing away the debris of the old Mansfield mercantile buildings, three miles from this place, they uncovered some papers which may prove of value to Owen Creggins or his heirs. They have been deposited with the county treasurer. Among them is a note dated Cincinnati, O., April 3, 1871, signed by Louis A. Tinnegan, calling for

Another is dated Pittsburg, March 6, 1866, and is signed by Henry B. McGurh and Thomas Foster Savadge. This calls for \$3,500. There are also other notes of lesser value, besides deeds to lands in West Virginia. All are drawn in favor of Owen Creggins. It is recalled that during the winter of 1872, a tramp was found freezing to death in these buildings, which have been abandonded for 85 years, and that he died after removal to the county asylum without recovering

CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

An Alleged Nephew of John Wanamaker Locked Up in Jail.

TIFFIN, O., Jan. 19 .- F. D. Wanamaker, claiming to be a nephew of John Wanamaker and to be in the employ of Uncle Sam purchasing horses for the government mail service, came to Tiffin a week ago and ingratiated himself into the good will of business men, horsemen and others.

and others.

He then went to Fostoria, where he was captured and brought here to answer the charge of disposing of a fraudulent draft on which the proprietor of the Empire hotel advanced him \$10. He is now in jail awaiting a hearing. He is accompanied by his wife and 10-year-old boy. Wanamaker attempted to hang himself in the jail, but was cut down before he had strangled.

Mining Engineers Meet.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 19 .- The Ohio Institute of Mining Engineers held their annual meeting here yesterday with about 60 members in attendance. Professor Edward Orton, state geologist, in an address, stated the estimates based on a recent survey showed the available a recent survey showed the available supply of coal in the state was about 20,000,000,000 tons. The following officers were elected: President, Edward Orton, Jr., Columbus; vice president, Daniel J. Harry; secretary, R. M. Hazeltine; executive committee, F. A. Ray, N. M. Ford and J. L. Morris.

A County Superintendent Dving.

WABASH, Ind., Jan. 19 .- Avery Williams, superintendent of the schools of Wabash county, is lying at his home in this city, at the point of death. For a year he has been afflicted with Addison's disease of the liver, and his decline has been rapid. Mr. Williams is a graduate of Butler university, at Irvington, an honored member of the Indiana State Teachers' association and the association of county superintendents, and a brilliant and popular official. His death is a question of a few hours only, at furthest.

An Appeal to the Miners.

Massillon, O., Jan. 19.—Circulars have been issued, signed "The Massillon Coal Operators," reciting that the Pennsylvania operators had voluntarily reduced the price 15 to 20 cents a ton and appealing to Ohio miners to vote for a similar reduction. "We ask this," concludes the circular, "with the hope of avoiding as much as possible the distress that must follow the shutting down of mines in this state should the unjust difference in price of mining continue.'

Value of the Stanford Estate.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—The appraisement of the Stanford estate l been filed. The total valuation of San Francisco property is \$17,688,319. It is as follows: Stocks amounting to \$11,-752, 486; bonds, \$3,883,160, and house and effects \$131,000; notes and accounts, \$996,506; real estate, \$9,898.82. This does not include the Palo Alto, Vina and Gridley properties, which were deed to the university.

Impure Food.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 19.—A sample of "pure cream of tartar" from Berden & Company of Toledo, analyzed by the state food commissioner, turns out to be pure ammonia alum, with no trace of cream of tartar. A sample of "pure current jelly" from Flactus Brothers of Wheeling was found to consist of glucose, sugar, starch paste and salicylic acid, artificially colored and flavored.

Tortured by Robbers. Mason City, W. Va., Jan. 19.—News has reached this city that James De Witt, an aged farmer living alone in a small hut at Wyoma, nine miles south of here, was strung up by the neck by four masked men about 12 o'clock Wednesday night and held until he told them where his money, amounting to \$250, was con-cealed. There is no clew to the perpetrators.

Shot by Tramps. Youngsrown, O., Jan. 19.—Tramps held up John Stewart, a farmer, near his home, and after a desperate resistance he escaped, one of his assailants shooting him in the hip. The police captured two tramps believed to be his assailants and locked them up.

Fatally Scalded.

DELAWARE, O., Jan. 19.—Pearl, the 6-year-old daughter of M. L. Moore, was terribly scalded by a bucket of boiling water which she turned over herself. Her face, head and body are one blister, and her recovery is despaired of.

A Fatal Spres FRANKFORT, Ind., Jan. 19.—William Dunbar, a wealthy farmer residing near Colfax, was instantly killed. While in town he got drunk, and on his way home his horses ran away, throwing him into

WILS HOWARD'S LAST DAY.

A Noted Desperado to Be Executed at Lebanen, Missouri.

LEBANON, Jan. 19 .- The sheriff and deputies arrived from St. Louis yesterday afternoon with Wils Howard, who is to be hanged today. On his arrival at the jail he created consternation by drawing from a sheath at his waistband an ugly looking dirkknife with a 7-inch blade, and handed it over to the astonished sheriff. Howard says he procured the knife six or eight months ago to kill Detective Imboden with, but found no

opportunity to use it until yesterday.

While on the road, Howard said to Imboden that he desired to speak with him. As the detective took a seat at his side, Howard asked if he did not feel mean for having hunted down and convicted an innocent man. Imboden replied he felt he was justified in doing all he had done, but if he was really an innocent man he was profoundly sorry for the part he had taken. Howard re-joined: "That is all right if you are sorry, as now I shall die at peace with

all mankind, for I now forgive you."
When the knife was surrendered, Imboden was staggered, as he contemplated the close call he had on the train.

Last night Howard's attorneys, Holt & Holt, appeared at the jail, accom-panied by the circuit clerk and Howard and made affidavit that he kiled John Baily in Harlan county, Ky., a crime for which an innocent man, his uncle, Will Jennings, is now serving a life sentence in the Kentucky penitentiary. He also protested innocence of the murder of McMichael.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Short Items From Various Parts of the Country.

By a boiler explosion at Henderson, Ky. George Monroe was killed, his body being blown to pieces.

Alexander Ager, a trustee of the Atlanti-Savings bank, committed suicide at his home in Brooklyn.

William M. Mulligan, wanted at Cats-kill, N. Y., for horse stealing, is under arrest at Los Angeles. It is believed in Washington that congress will censure ex-Minister Stevens for

his Hawaiian policy. Today is a legal holiday in Virginia and Georgia, it being the anniversary of the birth of General Lee.

St. Louis is being flooded with counter-feit money, mostly raised currency. No arrests have been made.

Mrs. Anna Austin has been elected mayor of Pleasonton, Kan., by a majority of 8 in a total of 338, of which the women cast 123.

There was no trouble at O'Neill & Pier son's mines at Bunola, Pa. But few miners reported for work and the pite were not put in operation. H. B. F. Odell, a real estate dealer of

Chicago, committed suicide at the Hurou House at Port Huron, Mich., by taking chloroform and prussic acid. No cause is Rev. D. C. Peabody of Emanuel Episco

pal church at Rockford, Ills., has been elected rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd at Augusta, Ga., and will prob ably accept.

A man, supposed to be Michael Carroll of Omaha, was found dead in one of the worst epium joints in St. Louis, run by a Chinese named Hen. It is thought that he was poisoned.

The Cherokee council has adjourned. Before adjourning a bill was passed creating a commission of five to treat with the United States commissioner now in this country for statehood.

G. F. Rothwell, president of the board of curators of the Missouri state university, died at his residence in Moberly Thursday. He was a member of congress from this district from 1879 to 1881.

A report comes from Victoria, B. C., that there is a recruiting officer there endeavor-ing to secure soldiers for the royalists army at Honolulu. One hundred and eighty men have already been secured to fight for the deposed queen.

Mrs. Mary Denoon died in San Francis co the victim of a strange mishap. She was one of the two women sleeping in a folding bed which collapsed. Mrs. De noon's spine was fractured by the concus sion. A bent rod in the mechanism of the bed caused the fatal accident.

The attempt to have the river and rail road miners of the Pittsburg district strike this week for a uniform rate was an almost complete failure The miners at the Arm strong and Mansfield mines, numbering about 400, struck, but as the men at the other mines refused to quit work, they went back.

George Scott of Ivan, Mich., was stabbed in the back on Main street and died in a few minutes. Five men who witnesses the crime are in jail, but Charles H. Ferguson, a farmer, is accused of being the murderer. Deceased was a saw mill owner and merchant. All parties implicated had been drinking.

Senator Walthall of Mississippi has re signed on account of ill health. The pres ent term of Senator Walthall would expire March 3, 1895, but he has already been elected for another six years, or until March 8, 1901. He resigns the unexpired portion of his present term, and as he states in his letter, leaves to future determination the question of the full six-year term beginning in 1895.

Mrs. Lease Weary of Politics.

Kansas City, Jan. 19.—A special to The Journal from Topeka says: A real estate dealer of this city stated yesterday that he had closed a deal by which Mrs. Mary E. Lease would become the possessor of a fruit ranch in California, and that she contemplates removing there at an early day to establish a permanent home for herself and family. It has been known for some time that Mrs. Lease had become weary of the turmoil of politics, and desired to escape further notoriety and criticism. In an interview at Wichita last night Mrs. Lease confirmed the report.

THE FIGHT WILL TAKE PLACE. Not in Jacksonville, but Within Thirty

Miles of That Place. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 19.—Corbett and Mitchell will meet and fight within 30 miles of Jacksonville next Thursday. The battle will not take place in this city. That is a certainty. The Duval Athletic club has given up as futile the idea of calling the combatants together

in the ring of its new arena here.

The location of the battleground has become known toa few persons outside of the Duval club. It will be in Nashua county, directly north of Duval county, between the town of Fernandina and the city of Jacksonville. Fernandina is a little over 20 miles from Jacksonville, on the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad. The site of the battleground will be within six miles of Fernandina, near the village of Yulee.

The tent belonging to Professor Gentry, the showman, has been leased and will be pitched after the train arrives at the place of contest. The sports who will attend the contest will not be given the word until an hour before the time for the train to start. Mitchell has signified his willingness to fight anywhere in the state of Florida, and there is now nothing to prevent the fight. Should the sheriff discover the place of meeting, other sites have been arranged for and the crowd can be taken to one of them within an hour's notice.

It has been decided by the Duval Athletic club to fix the price of tickets according to the size of the crowd present at the train on the morning of the battle. The club officials say that \$25,000 is wanted to clear them from debt. Should 1,000 people be present \$25 per ticket will be charged. and in a corresponding

Sheriff Broward, who went to Tallahassee to obtain specific instructions from Governor Mitchell in regard to the contest, received nothing new or definite in the way of orders. He was told that he was to act as previously instructed.

Reunited After Many Years.

MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 19.—Fifteen years ago William Grant was separated from his brother and sister at Lowell, this state. William was the oldest child. He went to Chicago and secured a situa-tion with the Lyon & Healy music house, He was sent to California to travel, and but recently came home to find his old parents unaware of the whereabouts of their other two children. A few days ago William accidently met his brother on a street in Chicago, and he learned that his sister was the wife of Lewis Purchas, a well known owner of fast horses in Muncie. He at once came here, but had to recall many incidents of boyhood days to prove his relationship.

Put Away For Twenty Years.

SALEM, Ills., Jan. 19.—The three train robbers, Hardin, Jones and O'Dwyer, who held up an Illinois Central train in this city Sept. 20, were sentenced by Judge Burroughs to serve terms of 20 years each in the penitentiary at Chester. All three entered pleas of guilty to the charge of burglary and Jones pleaded guilty to assault with intent to murder. Hardin and O'Dwyer were given the ex-treme limit of the law, but Jones was given a 10 year sentence in each case, making 20 years in all. Sheriff Helm started for Chester with his prisoners immediately.

Peculiar Death of a Little Boy.

MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 19 .- The death of the 7-year-old son of John Lenox of Hartford City, Ind., which occurred in Muncie, a few days ago, has placed a puzzling case before the medical fraternity of this city. The peculiarities of the death caused a postmortem examination to be made by Dr. Beck of Chicago, who found that an insect had eaten its way from the stomach through the intestines and into the heart, causing the boy to bleed to death. The parents say he drank out of a brook and swallowed the insect, which gradually killed him.

Revolutionary Outbreak in Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 19.—A dispatch to the mayor of Juarez says Chihuahua is in the hands of rebels. A first attack was made by a detachment of revolu-tionists on the west side of the town, which called the federal garrison to that point. Immediately the insurgents rushed into the city on the east. The masses of the people being in sympathy with Santana Perez, there was no resistance from that source. This news was given a Times representative by an inti-mate friend of the mayor of Juarez.

Four Runaway Boys Arrested. Madison, Ind., Jan 19 .- Four runaway boys, ranging from 12 to 15 years old, namely, Bertram Riley and Robert

VonGundy, of Louisville, and Julius Gale and William Connell of Charlottesville, Va., are here in the hands of the sheriff. Riley and VonGundy will be sent home. The parents of the other boys have been notified by telegraph.

Sustained by the Governor. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 19.-Gov-

ernor Matthews has reappointed Murray Briggs of Sullivan president of the state normal school trustees. In reappointing Briggs the governor sustains the board in the fight with the rebellious students last summer.

The Deadly Cigarette.

ELWOOD, Ind., Jan. 19 .- Mr. Fred Bourdon, a popular young gentleman of this city, secretary of the Elwood club, is partially paralyzed on his right side, and he is unable to close his right eye. The paralysis is attributed to the cigar-ette habit.

Nearly a Panic.

Ashland, O., Jan. 19.—A small fire in Reading & Gressner's bakery nearly caused a serious panic in the opera house

Secretary Carlisle Has Already Received Several Bids.

NO MORE UNEASINESS FELT.

A Feeling of Relief Among Treasury Officials-The Price of the New Issue Will Probably Reach 120, Making the Bonds Practically Bear Two and One-Half Per Cent Interest.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Now that Secretary Carlisle has taken action on the bond question there is a feeling of relief among the treasury officials who have been viewing with uneasiness the invading of the gold reserve.

Printing will be pushed rapidly, but the bonds can hardly be ready for de-livery before Feb. 1. They will bear interest from that time, as announced by Secretary Carlisle, Among the large crowd of callers waiting to see Secretary Carlisle yesterday was a New Yorker who had come to announce personally that he was willing to take the whole \$50,000,000 in bonds to be issued. A request for his name was refused.

The aggregate amount of offers received before the circular was issued is \$40,000,000. All the offers so far made, it is said at the treasury department, have come from persons and firms in New York city. One offer to take \$100,-000 at 113 has been received.

It is announced at the treasury department that Secretary Carlisle will decline to make public the names of the persons offering to take bonds, the amount they subscribed for, or the figures they offered for them. To make public the figures, it was pointed out, would give late bidders an opportunity to offer better terms than those offered by the earliest bid-

It was said unofficially, however, that the \$50,000,000 offer was at the minimum premium of '17,223. There is said to be no likelihood of the acceptance of this or any similar offer, as it is contrary to the secretary's desire to make the loan a popular one to which the public generally may subscribe. On this theory it is proposed to encourage offers for small lots from all sections of the country rather than to have the entire loan taken by a few dealers in large blocks. The idea naturally includes the hope that the small denominations be taken in preference to the larger ones. This, of course, would involve the issue of a great many more bonds.

It is believed at the treasury department, from orders already received, that the total offering will aggregate nearly \$200,000,000,000, and that the price will reach 120, making the bond practically bear but 2 1-3 per cent interest.

The issue for the present will be confined to denominations of \$50, \$100 and \$1,000 of coupon bonds and \$50, \$100. \$1,000 and \$10,000 of registered bonds. In case it is deemed advisable arrangements will be made for \$500 coupon and \$5,000 registered bonds.

The plates for the new bonds were made at the bureau of engraving and printing last spring by order of ex-Secretary Foster in anticipation of an issue of bonds during his administration, but the plan for their issue was finally dis-

approved by President Harrison.

The new issue of bonds will be sold only for gold. Official returns made to Comptroller Eckels by national banks on Dec. 19 last, show that the national banks of New York city alone hold more gold than the treasury of the United States, or rather that it contains "free gold." In the figures given gold certificates are included in the gold. The re-turns in the principal cities show: New York, \$83,000,000; Baltimore, \$1,979,-000; Brooklyn, \$450,000; Washington, \$900,000; Cincinnati, \$1,200,000; New Orleans, \$450,000, St. Louis, \$2,4000,000; Kansas City, \$1,015,000; Boston, \$9,200,-000; Chicago, \$19,700,000; Philadelphia, \$2,000,000; Louisville, \$390,000; Sar Francisco, \$1,836,000; Milwaukee, \$900,

Treasury officials who have taken the trouble to search the records call attention to the fact that during the pendency of the Walker tariff in 1857, revenues declined and a number of loans and bond issues were made to keep up current expenses and pay maturing bonds.

A report reached the Capitol yesterday that the United States supreme court had enjoined the issues of bonds as proposed by Secretary Carlisle. Clerk Mc-Kenney of the court, when informed of it, said: "It's a fake, pure and simple. There is not even a shadow of basis for such a story."

ADVICES FROM RIO JANEIRO. The Bombardment Still Continues With More Diaastrous Results.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 19 .- Advices from Rio Janeiro say that the insurgent warship continued the bombardment of the batteries at Nictheroy on the night of the 15th and killed 50 of the government forces. The engagement had no decisive result.

The government forces will make an attempt to capture the island of Vianna, with a view to preventing the insurgents

from renewing their stores there.

It is stated that President Peixoto is becoming suspicious of the fidelity of the government troops. According to news from Rio Grande

do Sul the insurgents have captured Paranagua, one of the most important towns in the province of Parana. George W. Childs Ill.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—George W. Childs, the philanthrophist, and the editor and proprietor of The Public Ledger, is said to be seriously ill, having been attacked with a severe case of vertigo, and grave fears are entertained re-garding his condition.